

REMARKS

Introduction

A three-month extension of time in which to respond to the Office Action dated January 9, 2006 for the above-identified patent application is respectfully requested. The Director is hereby authorized to charge \$1,020.00 in payment of the three-month extension-of-time fee to Deposit Account No. 06-1075 (order no.: 099999.0099). A duplicate copy of this paper is enclosed.

Claims 1, 3, 4, 9, 12, 13, 15, 23, and 24 have been cancelled. Claims 7, 8, 21, and 22 have been amended. Claims 2, 5, 6, 10, 11, 14, 16-20, 25, and 26 are also in the case. No new matter has been added by any of the amendments to the claims. Applicant reserves the right to claim any lost subject matter in a continuation or divisional application.

Claims 8 and 22 have been objected to under 37 C.F.R. § 1.75(c) as being of improper dependant form.

Claims 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 16-19, 21, 22, 25, and 26 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fritsch et al. U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0023038 (hereinafter "Fritsch") in view of Rabenold et al. U.S. Patent 6,813,612 (hereinafter "Rabenold") and further in view of *Public Notice, Federal Communications Commission* (hereinafter "FCC").

Claims 6 and 20 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fritsch and Rabenold in view of FCC and further in view of Alaia et al. U.S. Patent 6,230,147 (hereinafter "Alaia").

Reconsideration and allowance of this application in light of the following remarks is hereby respectfully requested.

The Objections to the Claims

The Examiner objected to claims 8 and 22 under 37 C.F.R. § 1.75(c) as being of improper dependant form. Applicant has amended claims 7, 8, 21, and 22 to correct an improper usage of the term "preprogrammed condition." More precisely, applicant has amended each of claims 7, 8, 21, and 22 to define a "second preprogrammed condition" that is different from the "preprogrammed condition" defined by each of independent claims 5 and 25.

Thus, for at least the above reasons, each of applicant's amended claims 8 and 22 are of proper dependant form. Applicant respectfully requests, therefore, that the objection under 37 C.F.R. § 1.75(c) of each of applicant's claims 8 and 22 be withdrawn.

The Rejections Based on 35 U.S.C. § 103

Fritsch in view of Rabenold and FCC

The Examiner rejected claims 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 16-19, 21, 22, 25, and 26 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fritsch in view of Rabenold and further in view of FCC. Applicant respectfully traverses.

As defined by each of applicant's independent claims 5 and 25, conducting an online auction comprises inducing bidders to place a bid by selecting from a plurality of predetermined bid increments and, upon occurrence of a revision event, revising said predetermined bid increments, wherein said revision event comprises the detection of a preprogrammed condition by a web site system, and "wherein said preprogrammed condition is related to the passage of time between placement of bids." As described on page 21, lines 1-3 of applicant's specification, for example, "the failure to receive a bid within a certain period of time might

be the 'revision event' which triggers a revision of the predetermined bid increments."

On page 5, line 15 through page 6, line 2 of the Office Action, the Examiner contends that "Fritsch does not specifically disclose that the revision event resulting in bid increment change comprises a preprogrammed condition related to the passage of time between bids. FCC discloses this limitation at pages 5-6," and that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made "to modify Fritsch to include the condition related to passage of time between bids to modify bid increments disclosed by FCC because this would allow bid price improvement by using smaller, more palatable bid increments to increase bidder interest." However, applicant respectfully disagrees and submits that Fritsch, Rabenold, and FCC, either independently or in combination, do not show or suggest each and every element of applicant's independent claim 5 or 25.

Particularly, nowhere does FCC show or suggest revising bid increments "based upon the passage of time between placement of bids," as required by each of applicant's claims 5 and 25. Instead, FCC merely discloses a "standard exponential smoothing methodology to calculate minimum bid increments," wherein the computation is based on an activity index, "which is calculated as the weighted average of the activity in that round and the activity index from the prior round," (FCC, page 5, lines 11-22). Therefore, this "standard exponential smoothing methodology" of FCC does not revise bid increments "based upon the passage of time between placement of bids," as required by applicant's independent claims 5 and 25, but rather FCC revises bid increments based upon, among other things, the number of bids made during a round. Put another way, FCC discloses altering bid increments based upon the number of new bids made during a round, and not upon

the "passage of time between placement of bids," as required by each of applicant's independent claims 5 and 25.

Therefore, applicant respectfully submits that Fritsch in view of Rabenold and FCC neither shows nor suggests "revising" predetermined bid increments upon the detection of a preprogrammed condition that is "related to the passage of time between placement of bids," as required by each of applicant's claims 5 and 25. Therefore, applicant respectfully submits that Fritsch in view of Rabenold and FCC neither shows nor suggests each and every element of applicant's claim 5 or claim 25, and, therefore, does not make obvious applicant's claim 5 or claim 25.

Thus, for at least the above reasons, each of applicant's independent claims 5 and 25 is allowable over Fritsch in view of Rabenold and FCC. Applicant respectfully requests, therefore, that the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) of each of applicant's independent claims 5 and 25, and any claims dependent therefrom, including claims 2, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 16-19, 21, 22, and 26, be withdrawn.

Fritsch and Rabenold in view of FCC and Alaia

The Examiner rejected claims 6 and 20 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fritsch and Rabenold in view of FCC and further in view of Alaia.

As applicant has pointed out above, independent claim 5 is patentable over Fritsch in view of Rabenold and FCC. For at least the foregoing reasons, claim 6, which depends from claim 5, is patentable over Fritsch and Rabenold in view of FCC and further in view of Alaia. Also, as applicant has pointed out above, independent claim 25 is patentable over Fritsch in view of Rabenold and FCC. For at least the foregoing reasons, claim 20, which depends from claim 25, is patentable over Fritsch and Rabenold in view of FCC and further in view of Alaia.

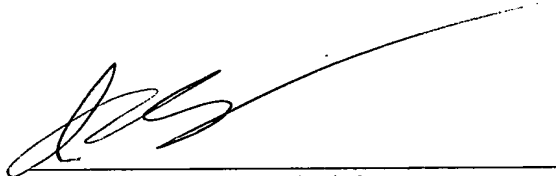
Application No. 09/695,551
Amendment dated July 10, 2006
Reply to Office Action of January 9, 2006

Applicant respectfully requests, therefore, that the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) of each of applicant's claims 6 and 20, and any claims dependent therefrom, be withdrawn.

Conclusion

The foregoing demonstrates that claims 2, 5-8, 10, 11, 14, 16-22, 25, and 26 are allowable. This application is therefore in condition for allowance. Reconsideration and allowance are accordingly respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'JA', is written over a horizontal line.

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